AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of the claims replaces all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

LISTING OF CLAIMS

- 1. (Currently Amended) A method of treatment or prevention of inhibiting radiation damage to tissue of a subject due to radiation exposure, comprising
- <u>A) first</u> administering to a <u>the subject in need of such treatment</u> an effective amount of a composition comprising <u>1) a compound including</u> a radiation damage-inhibiting, <u>actin-binding or actin-sequestering</u> polypeptide comprising amino acid sequence LKKTET <u>[SEQ ID NO: 1]</u>, an actin-sequestering agent, an anti-inflammatory agent; <u>2) an agent which stimulates production of said compound in said subject</u>; <u>3) an agent which regulates said compound in said subject</u>; or <u>4) an antagonist of said compound</u>, <u>KLKKTET [SEQ ID NO: 2]</u>, <u>LKKTETQ [SEQ ID NO: 3]</u>, <u>Thymosin β4 (Tβ4)</u>, an N-terminal variant of Tβ4, a C-terminal variant of Tβ4, an isoform of Tβ4, a splice-variant of Tβ4, oxidized Tβ4, Tβ4 sulfoxide, lymphoid Tβ4, pegylated Tβ4, Tβ4 ala, Tβ9, Tβ10, Tβ11, Tβ12, Tβ13, Tβ14, Tβ15, gelsolin, vitamin D binding protein (DBP), profilin, cofilin, adsevertin, propomyosin, fincilin, depactin, Dnasel, vilin, fragmin, severin, capping protein, β-actinin or acumentin, the composition comprising said compound at a concentration of about 0.005 0.1% by weight, and
 - B) then administering radiation to a target area of said subject, so as to inhibit wherein said radiation-inhibiting polypeptide inhibits radiation damage in said subject.
 - 2. (Canceled)
 - 3. (Canceled)
- 4. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein said compound is thymosin beta 4 (Τβ4).
- 5. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1 wherein said compound is present in an injectable carrier, a gel, cream, paste, lotion, spray, salve, suspension, dispersion, hydrogel or ointment.

- 6. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein said compound is delivered systemically to said subject by injection, infusion, pulmonary delivery, or orally, rectally, nasally, transdermally, or a combination thereof.
 - 7. (Canceled)
 - 8. (Canceled)
- 9. (Original) The method of claim 1 comprising administering said compound to said subject so as to protect radiosensitive stem cells in said subject.
- 10. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein said stem cells are in blood, bone marrow or gastrointestinal tract tissue of said subject.
- 11. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein said composition is administered systemically.
- 12. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein said composition is administered topically.
- 13. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein said composition is administered enterally.
 - 14. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein said radiation is ionizing radiation.
- 15. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1 A method of preventing damage due to radiation exposure comprising administering to a subject an effective amount of a composition comprising a radiation damage-inhibiting polypeptide comprising amino acid sequence LKKTET [SEQ ID NO: 1], a conservative variant of LKKTET [SEQ ID NO: 1], KLKKTET [SEQ ID NO: 2], LKKTETQ [SEQ ID NO: 3], Thymosin β4 (Tβ4), an N-terminal variant of Tβ4, a C-terminal variant of Tβ4, an isoform of Tβ4, a splice-variant of Tβ4, oxidized Tβ4, Tβ4 sulfoxide, lymphoid Tβ4, pegylated Tβ4, Tβ4^{ala}, Tβ9, Tβ10, Tβ11, Tβ12, Tβ13, Tβ14, Tβ15, gelsolin, vitamin D binding protein (DBP), profilin, cofilin, adsevertin, propomyosin, fincilin, depactin, Dnasel, vilin, fragmin, severin, capping protein, β-actinin or acumentin, the composition comprising said compound at a concentration of about 0.005 0.1% by weight, further including a step of administering radiation to a target area of said

subject so as to treat cancer or a tissue abnormality in said target area, wherein said composition is administered to said subject before, during or after administration of said radiation to said target area, or a combination thereof, so as to inhibit radiation damage in said subject outside said target area.

- 16. (Original) The method of claim 15 wherein said composition prevents induced apoptosis of cells of said subject outside said target area.
- 17. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 3 15 wherein said composition is contained in a formulation at a concentration within a range of about 0.001-10% 0.01-0.05% by weight for administration to said subject.
- 18. (Withdrawn-Currently Amended) A substance for use in manufacturing a medicament for treatment or prevention of damage due to ionizing radiation exposure, comprising 1) a compound including a radiation damage-inhibiting amino acid sequence LKKTET <u>SEQ ID NO: 1</u>, a conservative variant of LKKTETUU <u>SEQ ID NO: 1</u>, an actin-sequestering agent, an anti-inflammatory agent; 2) an agent which stimulates production of said compound in said subject; 3) an agent which regulates said compound in said subject; or 4) an antagonist of said compound, so as to inhibit radiation damage in said subject.
- 19. (New) The method of claim 1 wherein said composition is contained in a formulation at a concentration within a range of about 0.01-0.05% by weight for administration to said subject.
- 20. (New) The method of claim 4 wherein said composition is administered at a dosage within the range of about 0.1-50 micrograms of thymosin beta 4 ($T\beta4$).
- 21. (New) The method of claim 20 wherein said composition is administered at a dosage within the range of about 1-25 micrograms of thymosin beta 4 ($T\beta4$).